

How to measure Tilapia Welfare?



Welfare Indicators: measuring and scoring health, environmental, behavioural and nutritional parameters for tilapia

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Measuring welfare indicators in tilapia farms in Thailand

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Measuring welfare indicators in tilapia farms in China

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Welfare Indicators: measuring and scoring health, environmental, behavioural and nutritional parameters for tilapia

Marius Nicolini, FAI Farms

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OUR APPROACH



Develop species specific operational Welfare Indicators, for health, behaviour, nutrition and environment



Develop welfare assessment Protocol and App to help farmers monitor and implement welfare improvements



Create interactive, free, multi-language online training to implement welfare in aquaculture, from hatchery to slaughter

TILAPIA

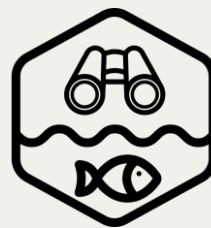
Welfare assessment protocol

- 10,000 academic articles reviewed (SIGMA methodology)
- Indicators reflecting welfare status
- Publication
- Develop Welfare assessment protocol
 - On-farm tested and validated in Brazil, Thailand and China
 - Metrics reflective of robustness, commercial practicality and ability to utilize data
 - Empowering farmers through self-assessment process

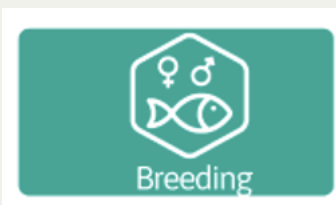




WELFARE INDICATORS



| Health | Environment | Behaviour | Nutrition |
|--|--|---|---|
| Eyes Jaws Operculum Skin Fins Gills Spine Ectoparasite Mortality | Temperature pH D.O. Alkalinity NH4 NH3 Transparency Terrestrial predators Interspecific inhabitant | Respiratory Frequency Swimming behaviour Foraging behaviour Recovery from anaesthesia Loss of consciousness | Amount of Feed (% Biomass) Feeding frequency Feeding distribution Condition Factor (K) Protein concentration Feed Conversion ratio |



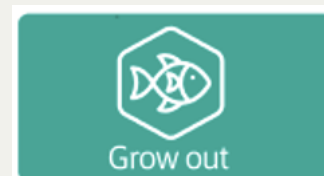
Breeding



Hatchery



Nursery



Grow out



Slaughter House












WELFARE INDICATORS - HEALTH



Health

Eyes
Jaws
Operculum
Skin
Fins
Gills
Spine
Ectoparasite
Mortality

| | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|--------------|---|--|---|
| EYES |  <p>Normal and healthy appearance.</p> |  <p>Unilateral (one eye): bleeding, swollen eye or traumatic injury.</p> |  <p>Bilateral (two eyes): bleeding, swollen eye or traumatic injury; chronic condition, impaired vision.</p> |
| JAWS & MOUTH |  <p>Normal aspect, healthy.</p> |  <p>Moderate bleeding, redness or injury or deformity (without affecting eating).</p> |  <p>Severe bleeding, redness or injury or deformity (affecting eating).</p> |
| OPERCULUM |  <p>Normal and healthy appearance.</p> |  <p>Absence of tissue (<25%).</p> |  <p>Bleeding, redness, absence of tissue (≥25%).</p> |





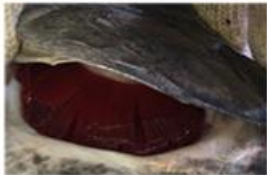






WELFARE INDICATORS - HEALTH



Health

- Eyes
- Jaws
- Operculum
- Skin
- Fins
- Gills
- Spine
- Ectoparasite
- Mortality

| | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|-------|---|--|---|
| FINS |  <p>Normal and healthy appearance.</p> |  <p>Scar tissue, mild necrosis or splitting.</p> |  <p>Severe necrosis or bleeding, redness, exposure of rays, adhered foreign body/ectoparasite.</p> |
| GILLS |  <p>Normal and healthy appearance.</p> |  <p>Light injury, mild necrosis, splitting or thickening.</p> |  <p>Bleeding, redness, pallor, severe necrosis, excess of mucus, spots, swelling, deformation, adhered foreign body, ectoparasite.</p> |
| SPINE |  <p>Normal structure.</p> |  <p>Light deformity (kyphosis, lordosis or scoliosis, normal weight).</p> |  <p>Severe deformity (kyphosis, lordosis or scoliosis, weight loss).</p> |









WELFARE INDICATORS - HEALTH



Health

Eyes
Jaws
Operculum
Skin
Fins
Gills
Spine
Ectoparasite
Mortality

| | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---------------|---|--|---|
| ECTOPARASITES |  <p>No infestation.</p> |  <p>Moderate infestation (≤ 5 ectoparasites).</p> |  <p>Intense infestation (> 5 parasites).</p> |
| SKIN |  <p>Normal and healthy appearance.</p> |  <p>Localized loss of scales, ulcers or superficial lesions $< 1\text{cm}^2$.</p> |  <p>Rising or general loss of scales, ulcers or superficial lesions $> 1\text{cm}^2$, redness, necrosis, darkening or lightening, bleeding, swelling, presence of parasites.</p> |
| MORTALITY (%) | ≤ 10 | 11 - 25 | ≥ 26 |

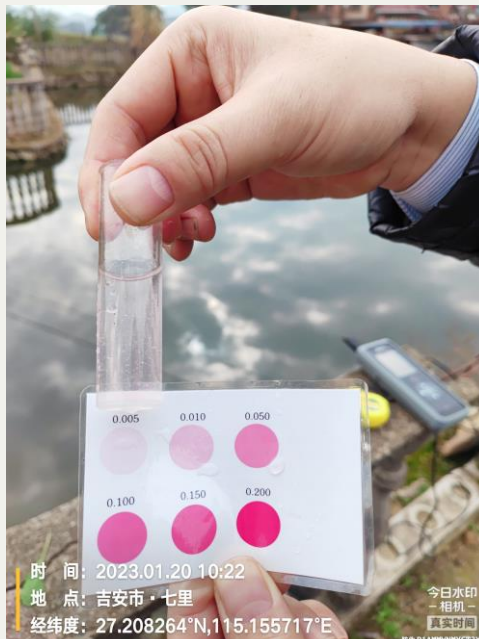
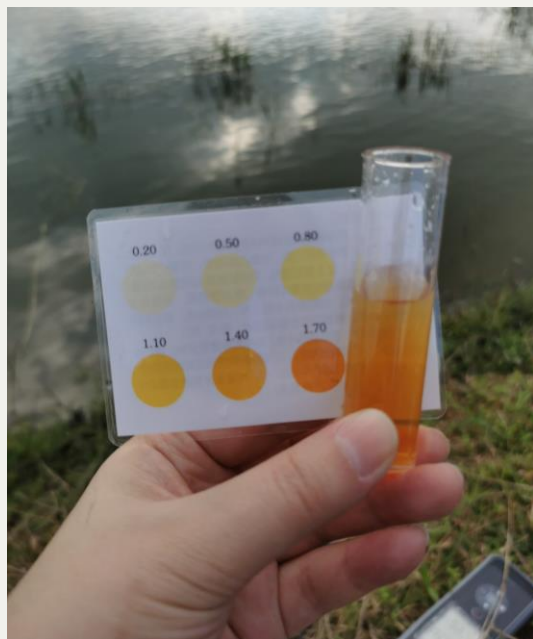


WELFARE INDICATORS - ENVIRONMENT



Environment

- Temperature
- pH
- D.O.
- Alkalinity
- NH₄
- NH₃
- Transparency
- Terrestrial predators
- Interspecific inhabitant



时间: 2023.01.20 10:22
地点: 吉安市·七里
经纬度: 27.208264°N, 115.155717°E

今日水印
相机
真实水印



WELFARE INDICATORS - ENVIRONMENT



Environment

- Temperature
- pH
- D.O.
- Alkalinity
- NH₄
- NH₃
- Transparency
- Terrestrial predators
- Interspecific inhabitant

| Indicator Name | Score | Hatchery/Broodstock | Nursery/Juveniles 2g) | Grow out and finish ponds |
|-----------------------|-------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Temperature (°C) | 1 | 25 - 32 | 25 - 32 | 25 - 32 |
| | 2 | 20 - 24 OR 33 - 37 | 20 - 24 OR 33 - 37 | 20 - 24 OR 33 - 37 |
| | 3 | ≤ 19 OR ≥ 38 | ≤ 19 OR ≥ 38 | ≤ 19 OR ≥ 38 |
| pH | 1 | 6.0 - 8.5 | 6.0 - 8.5 | 6.0 - 8.5 |
| | 2 | 5.5 - 5.9 OR 8.6 - 9.0 | 5.5 - 5.9 OR 8.6 - 9.0 | 5.5 - 5.9 OR 8.6 - 9.0 |
| | 3 | ≤ 5.4 OR ≥ 9.6 | ≤ 5.4 OR ≥ 9.6 | ≤ 5.4 OR ≥ 9.1 |
| Transparency (cm) | 1 | 30 - 40 | 30 - 40 | 41 - 65 |
| | 2 | 20 - 29 OR 41 - 50 | 20 - 29 OR 41 - 50 | 25 - 40 OR ≥ 66 |
| | 3 | ≤ 19 OR ≥ 51cm | ≤ 19 OR ≥ 51cm | ≤ 24 |
| Oxygen saturation (%) | 1 | 70 - 95 | 70 - 95 | 70 - 95 |
| | 2 | 40 - 69 | 40 - 69 | 40 - 69 |
| | 3 | ≤ 39 OR ≥ 96 | ≤ 39 OR ≥ 96 | ≤ 39 OR ≥ 96 |



WELFARE INDICATORS - ENVIRONMENT



Environment

- Temperature
- pH
- D.O.
- Alkalinity
- NH₄
- NH₃
- Transparency
- Terrestrial predators
- Interspecific inhabitant

| Indicator Name | Score | Hatchery/Broodstock | Nursery/Juveniles 2g) | Grow out and finish ponds |
|---|-------|--|--|--|
| Non ionized ammonia (NH ₃) mg/L | 1 | 0.00 - 0.05 | 0.00 - 0.05 | 0.00 - 0.05 |
| | 2 | 0.051 - 0.10 | 0.051 - 0.10 | 0.051 - 0.10 |
| | 3 | ≥ 0.11 | ≥ 0.11 | ≥ 0.11 |
| Nitrite (NO ₂) mg/L | 1 | 0.00 - 0.50 | 0.00 - 0.50 | 0.00 - 0.50 |
| | 2 | 0.51 - 1.00 | 0.51 - 1.00 | 0.51 - 1.00 |
| | 3 | ≥ 1.01 | ≥ 1.01 | ≥ 1.01 |
| Alkalinity (mg/L) | 1 | 30 - 100 | 30 - 100 | 30 - 100 |
| | 2 | 20 - 29 OR 101 - 200 | 20 - 29 OR 101 - 200 | 20 - 29 OR 101 - 200 |
| | 3 | ≤ 19 OR ≥ 201 | ≤ 19 OR ≥ 201 | ≤ 19 OR ≥ 201 |
| Terrestrial predators | 1 | Absent | Absent | Absent |
| | 2 | Controlled presence | Controlled presence | Controlled presence |
| | 3 | Uncontrolled presence | Uncontrolled presence | Uncontrolled presence |
| Non specific inhabitants (aquatic competitors /predators) | 1 | Absence (avoided by mechanical barriers) | Absence (avoided by mechanical barriers) | Absence (avoided by mechanical barriers) |
| | 2 | Controlled presence | Controlled presence | Controlled presence |
| | 3 | Uncontrolled presence | Uncontrolled presence | Uncontrolled presence |



WELFARE INDICATORS - BEHAVIOUR



Behaviour

Respiratory Frequency
Recovery from anaesthesia
Swimming behaviour
Foraging behaviour
Loss of consciousness

| | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Respiratory rate (Opercular beat per min) | 41 - 60 movements / min | 21-40 OR 61-80 movements / min | ≤20 OR ≥81 movements / min |
| Recovery from anaesthesia (min) | Induction in 1 - 3 minutes and recovery in ≤ 5 minutes | Induction and recovery in ≥ 5 minutes | No induction or no recovery. Death |



WELFARE INDICATORS - BEHAVIOUR



Behaviour

Respiratory Frequency
Recovery from anaesthesia
Swimming behaviour
Foraging behaviour
Loss of consciousness

| | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|--------------------|--|---|--|
| FORAGING BEHAVIOUR | <p>The foraging behaviour is a measure of the time taken to eat all feed. Tilapia usually take 3 to 6 minutes to eat all feed provided by the farmer.</p> <p>All feed eaten 3 to 6 minutes.</p> | <p>All feed eaten 2 to 3 minutes.</p> | <p>All feed eaten in less than 2 minutes or in more than 6 minutes.</p> |
| SWIMMING BEHAVIOUR | <p>The swimming behaviour can be observed and scored during feeding and harvest. Fish use their bodies and fins to swim. When tilapia swim, the entire body is underwater.</p> <p>Normal swimming, no visible dorsal fins or belly on the water surface.</p> | <p>Excited swimming behaviour, but few fish with dorsal fins or belly on the water surface.</p> | <p>Swimming in different directions or decreasing activity, fish stuck against net, fish floating on side, body exposed to air for prolonged periods of time, fish show signs of exhaustion.</p> |
| EFFECTIVE STUNNING | <p>We measure the time it takes for fish to lose consciousness during stunning. Consciousness is verified by four clinical reflexes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Opercular beat (OR) 2) Vestibulo-ocular reflex (VOR) 3) Equilibrium (EQ) 4) Tail grip reflex (TGR) <p>Instantaneous loss of all four reflexes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Equilibrium (EQ). - Tail grip reflex (TGR). - Opercular beat (OR). - Vestibulo-ocular reflex (VOR). | <p>Instantaneous loss of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Equilibrium (EQ). - Tail grip reflex (TGR). <p>Progressive loss in less than 30 seconds of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Opercular beat (OR). - Vestibulo-ocular reflex (VOR). | <p>Progressive loss of all four reflexes after 30 seconds.</p> |



WELFARE INDICATORS - NUTRITION



Nutrition

Amount of Feed (% Biomass)
Feeding frequency
Feeding distribution
Condition Factor (K)
Protein concentration
Feed Conversion ratio



Grow out

| | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Amount of feed | 3.1 - 6 % | 1.51 - 3 % | $\leq 1.5 \% \text{ OR } \geq 6.1 \%$ |
| Feeding frequency Pond, Tank, >20g | 2-3 time or continuous feeding | 1 time | Less than 1 time |
| Amount of feed | >75% of surface's area covered | 50 - 75% of surface's area covered | <50% of surface's area covered |



WELFARE INDICATORS - NUTRITION



Nutrition

Amount of Feed (% Biomass)
Feeding frequency
Feeding distribution
Condition Factor (K)
Protein concentration
Feed Conversion ratio



Grow out

| | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---|------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| Condition factor ($K=(W*L^{-3})*100$) | 1.6 – 1.9 | 1.1–1.5 OR 2.0–2.3 | ≤ 1.0 OR ≥ 2.4 |
| Protein concentration Pond, Tank, >20g | 28 - 35 % | 25 - 27 % | $\leq 24 \%$ OR $\geq 36 \%$ |
| Feed conversion ratio Pond, Tank, >20g | ≤ 1.6 | 1.7 – 1.9 | ≥ 2.0 |

THANKS & QUESTIONS





Integrated
Quality
Consulting



Measuring Welfare Indicators in Tilapia Farms in China 中国罗非鱼农场福利评估

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a About IQC 有关IQC

b Tilapia farms in Guangdong and Hainan 广东和海南的罗非鱼场

c On-site communication & assessment 现场交流和评估

d Selected results 部分结果

e Summary & Focus for the future 小结以及未来的侧重点

About IQC 有关IQC

IQC is a Sino-German management consulting company providing professional service on food safety, quality management, digital systems and sustainability to all stakeholders along the **food supply chain**. 悦孜 (IQC) 是一家中德合作，向食品链企业提供食品安全、精益生产、信息化服务和可持续发展的专业咨询公司。

IQC cooperates with international standard organizations about farm, processing, logistics, catering, retail, and provides implementable solutions. 悦孜聚焦食品链，关注农场，养殖场，加工，贮存，物流，餐饮及零售等标准，并与相关国际标准方合作，为食品链企业提供落地可实施的方案。



IQC's Mission 我们的使命

Creating profitable value for our clients seeking long-term and sustainable solutions across China's food value chains.
**助力食品链企业持续发展，
成为可信赖的行业标杆**



IQC's Vision 我们的愿景

Build China's leading food industry consultancy focusing on food safety, sustainability and social value.
**通过一流服务，成为
食品链优秀企业信赖与尊重的咨询机构**

Animal Welfare

Help understand animal welfare certification, achieve related commitments.

Content



- Animal welfare standard establishment and promotion
- Animal welfare assessment, training & consulting
- Animal welfare product certification (laying hens, broilers)
- Animal welfare label and promotion
- Animal welfare market research, supply and demand

Target Clients



- International market brand
- Production enterprise
- Planting and breeding enterprise
- NGO

Selected Clients- Cooperate with domestic and international organizers , provide effective solution





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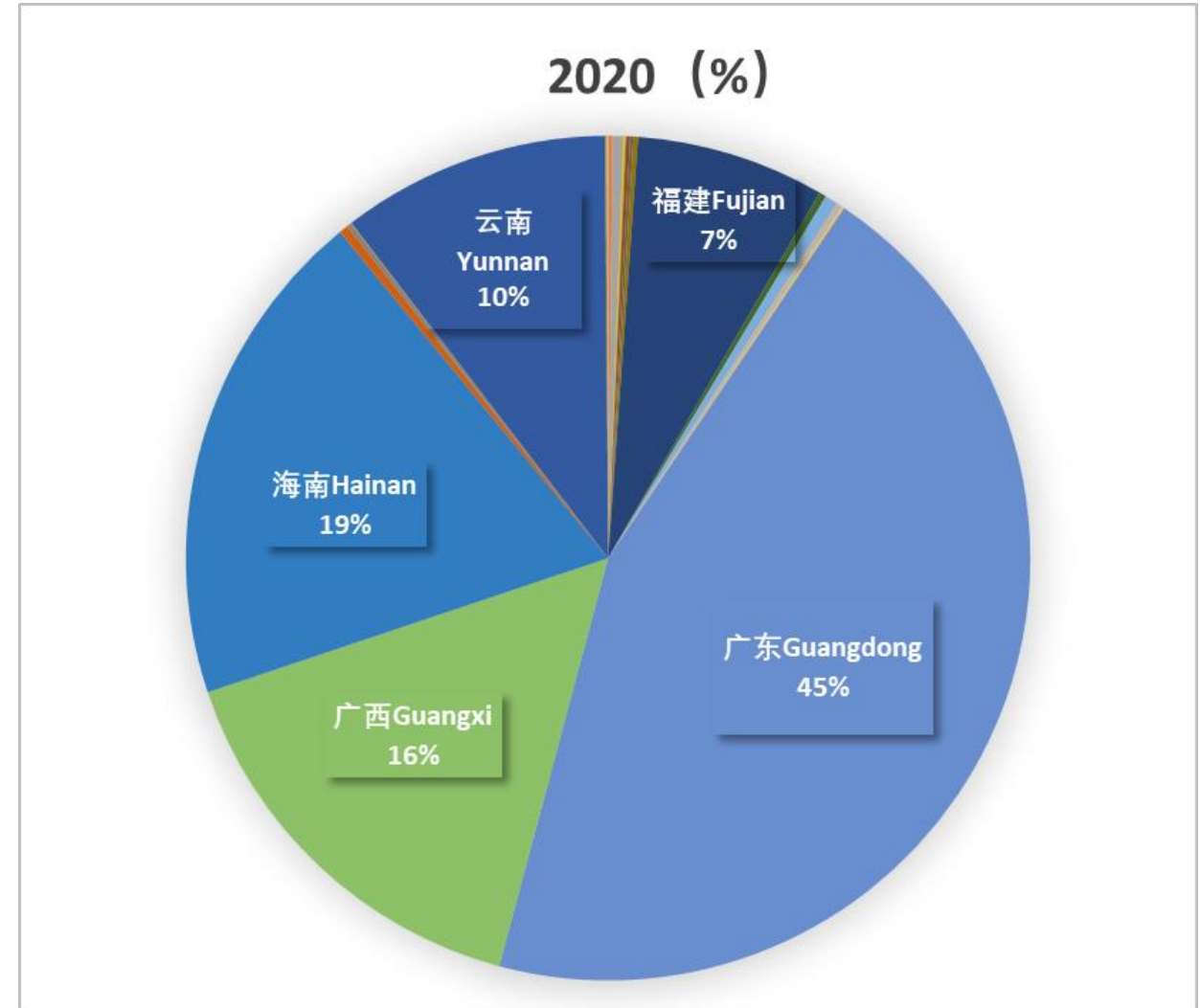
c On-site communication & assessment 现场交流和评估

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e Summary & Focus for the future 小结以及未来的侧重点

Tilapia farms visited in Guangdong and Hainan

在广东和海南拜访的罗非鱼场





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On-site Communication 现场交流

Farm information 农场基本信息

Number of ponds 塘的数量

Size of ponds 塘的大小

Total annual production 年产量

.....




Animal welfare perception 动物福利认知

Language barrier



On-site Assessment 现场测量

Environment 环境

| |
|--|
| Temperature (Degree Celsius) |
| pH |
| Transparency (cm) |
| Oxygen saturation (%) |
| Non-ionized ammonia (NH3) (mg/L) |
| Nitrite (NO2) (mg/L) |
| Alkalinity (CaCO3) (mg/L) |
| Salinity (PSU or 0/00) |
| Shading (%) |
| Terrestrial predators (birds, otter)  |
| Non specific inhabitants (Aquatic competitors / predators)  |
| Specific non-desired inhabitants (Accident Tilapia population)  |
| Stocking density (kg/m3) |

Health 健康

| |
|---|
| Eyes |
| Jaws (and mouth) |
| Operculum |
| Skin |
| Fins |
| Gills |
| Spine |
| Ectoparasites |
| Mortality estimation since stocking (%) |
| What is the total estimated number of fish in the handling? |

Behavior 行为

| |
|--|
| Swimming behaviour |
| Gulping at surface |
| Scales in water |
| Describe the Distribution in tank/pond |
| Feeding/foraging behaviour |
| Coping style |
| Recovery from Anaesthesia |
| Response to light exposure |
| Response to air exposure |
| Social behaviour |
| Effective Stunning |
| Fasting period (Hours) |
| Depuration period (Days) |
| What was the stunning efficacy in % |

Nutrition 营养

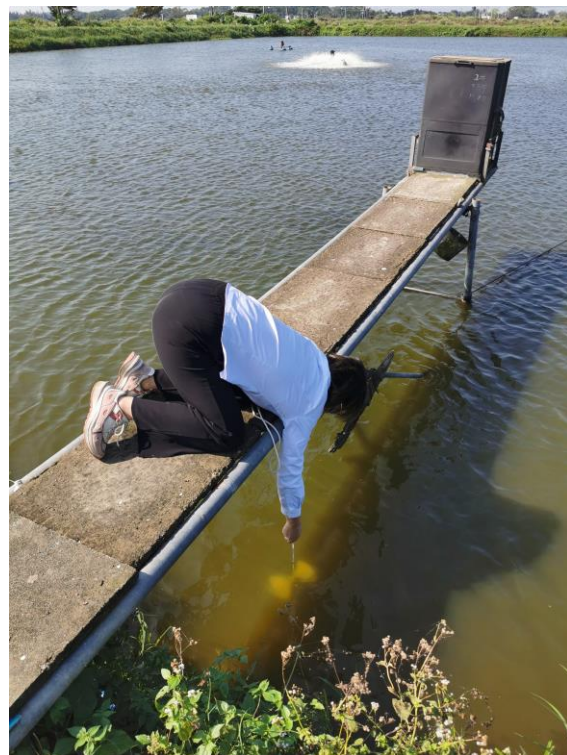
| |
|--|
| Do they use 100% commercial feed? |
| How many kilograms of feed do you provide per day? |
| Feeding frequency (number of times per day) |
| How many cubic meter of water in the pond / tank? |
| Crude protein in the feed (%) |
| Feed Conversion Ratio - FCR (estimation) |
| Feed distribution |
| Biomass of fish (kg) in the tank/pond/cage |
| Feed quantity in % of the biomass |
| What is the condition factor (K factor) |

On-site Assessment 现场测量

Environment 环境



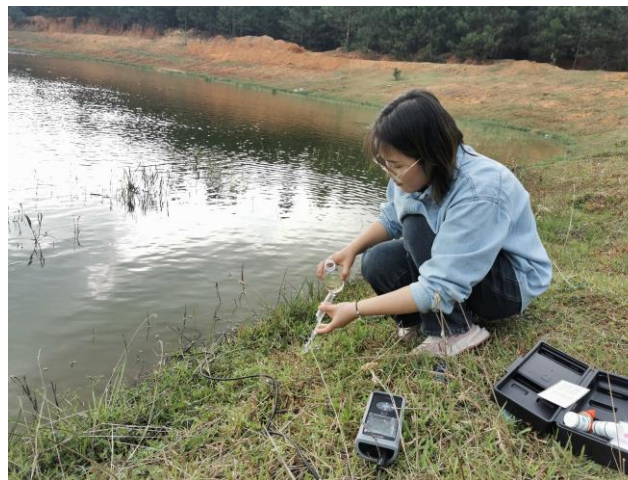
pH, Salinity 盐度



Transparency 透明度



Non-ionized ammonia
非离子氨
Nitrite (NO₂)
Alkalinity (CaCO₃)



Oxygen saturation
溶氧

On-site Assessment 现场测量

Environment 环境

| December (Adult fish) | Hainan | | | | | | Guangdong | | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------|---|-----------|--------|--------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| pH | 7.5/1 | 7.6/1 | 7.5/1 | 7.1/1 | 7.8/1 | - | 7.5/1 | 7.5/7 | 7.7/1 |
| Transparency (cm) | 29.7/1 | 28.1/1 | 28.3/1 | 13/3 | 29/1 | - | 29.8/1 | 37.5/1 | 26.5/1 |
| DO (mg/l) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Un-ionized ammonia | 0.006/1 | 0.026/1 | 0.019/1 | 0.01/1 | | - | | | |
| Nitrite (mg/l) | 0.008/1 | 0.004/1 | 0.05/1 | 0/1 | 0/1 | - | 0.026/1 | 0.25/1 | 0.28/1 |
| Alkalinity (mg/l) | 75/1 | 48.8/1 | 22.6/2 | 67.5/1 | 101.3/2 | - | 78.8/2 | 78.8/2 | 95.6/1 |
| Terrestrial predators | NA/3 | NA/3 | NA/3 | NA/3 | NA/3 | - | NA/3 | NA/3 | NA/3 |
| Interspecific inhabitant | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | 2 |
| Stocking density (fish/m ²) | 4/3 | 4-5/3 | 4.7/3 | 4-5/3 | 4-5/3 | - | 4-5/3 | 6-7/3 | 1-2/1 |

On-site Assessment 现场测量

Environment 环境

| March (Rapid growing) | Hainan | | | | | | Guangdong (June) |
|---|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|------------------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 3 |
| pH | 7.3/1 | 7.1/1 | 6.8/1 | 6.4/1 | 7.5/1 | 7.5/1 | 8.1/1 |
| Transparency (cm) | 28.3/1 | 25.3/1 | 21.0/1 | - | 22/3 | 33/1 | 25.5/1 |
| DO (%) | - | 29/3 | 52/2 | 43/2 | 17/3 | 59/2 | 73/1 |
| Un-ionized ammonia | | | | | | | 0.007/1 |
| Nitrite (mg/l) | 0.1/1 | 0.1/1 | 0.1/1 | 0.15/1 | 0.15/1 | 0.01/1 | 0.13/1 |
| Alkalinity (mg/l) | 112.5/2 | 45/1 | 22.5/2 | 22.5/2 | 135/2 | 112.5/2 | 101.25/2 |
| Terrestrial predators | NA/3 | NA/3 | NA/3 | NA/3 | NA/3 | NA/3 | NA/3 |
| Interspecific inhabitant | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | - | 2 |
| Stocking density (fish/m ²) | 6/3 | 4-5/3 | 7/3 | 9/3 | 4/3 | - | 89-90/3 |

On-site Assessment 现场测量

Health 健康



Body evaluation 外观评分



Mortality estimation
死淘率
Not available – 无数据

On-site Assessment 现场测量

Health 健康 --- Body evaluation 身体评分

| | eyes | jaw and lips | operculum | skin | fins | gills | spine | Ectoparasite | K factor |
|---|-------|--------------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------------|----------|
| 1 | 26 | 23 | 30 | 10 | 0 | 6 | 30 | 30 | 2 |
| 2 | 3 | 7 | 0 | 5 | 21 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 22 |
| 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 9 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| | 86.7% | 76.7% | 100.0% | 33.3% | 0.0% | 20.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 6.7% |
| | 10.0% | 23.3% | 0.0% | 16.7% | 70.0% | 66.7% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 73.3% |
| | 3.3% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 50.0% | 30.0% | 13.3% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 20.0% |

Dajiu

| | eyes | jaw and lips | operculum | skin | fins | gills | spine | Ectoparasite | K factor |
|---|-------|--------------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------------|----------|
| 1 | 29 | 29 | 27 | 13 | 4 | 23 | 30 | 30 | 0 |
| 2 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 15 | 22 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 18 |
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | 96.7% | 96.7% | 90.0% | 43.3% | 13.3% | 76.7% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 0.0% |
| | 0.0% | 3.3% | 10.0% | 50.0% | 73.3% | 16.7% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 60.0% |
| | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 6.7% | 13.3% | 6.7% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 36.7% |

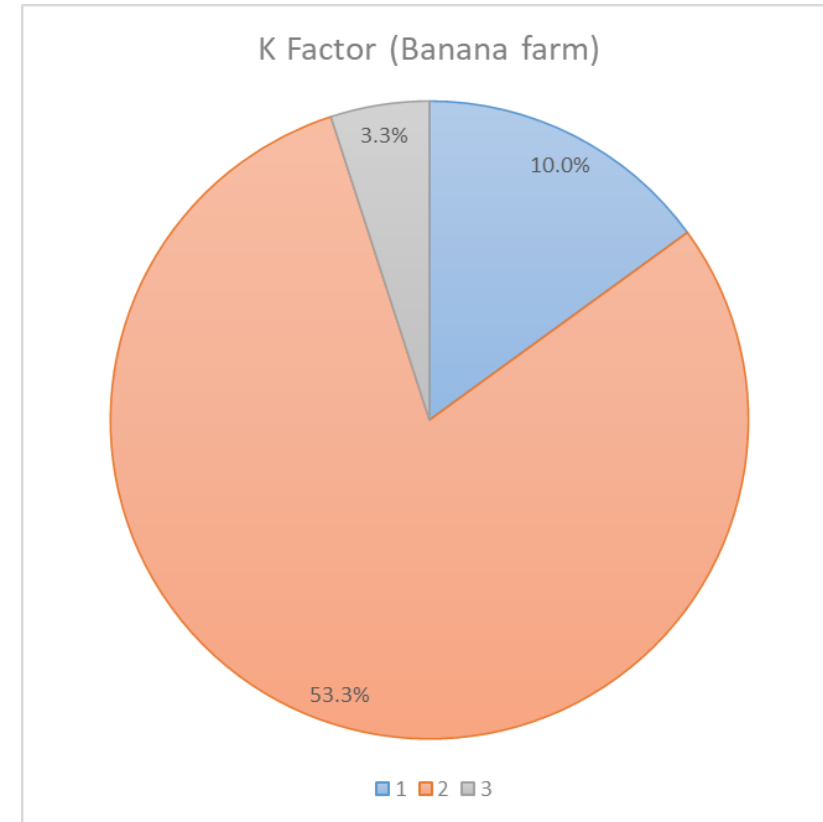
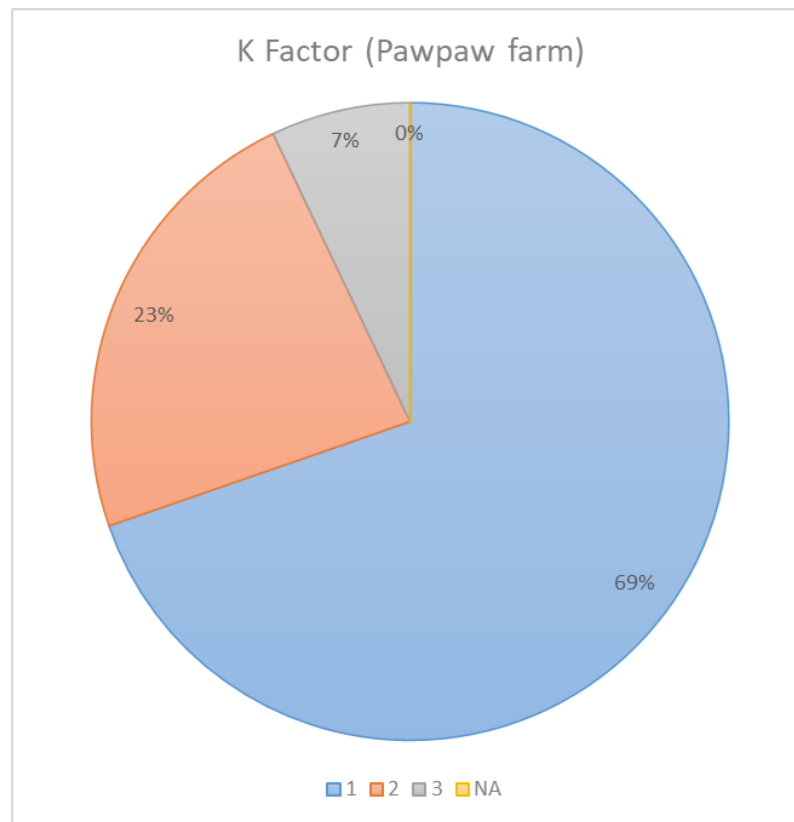
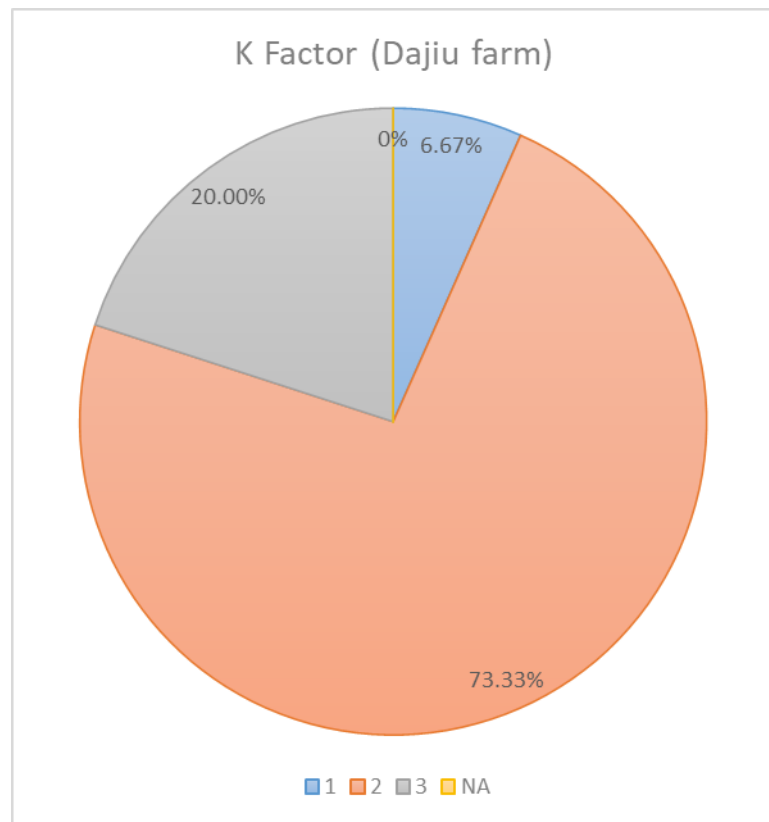
Pawpaw

| | eyes | jaw and lips | operculum | skin | fins | gills | spine | Ectoparasite | K factor |
|---|-------|--------------|-----------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------------|----------|
| 1 | 29 | 30 | 30 | 5 | 0 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 3 |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 |
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 96.7% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 16.7% | 0.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 10.0% |
| | 3.3% | 3.3% | 0.0% | 23.3% | 63.3% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 53.3% |
| | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 60.0% | 36.7% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 3.3% |

Banana

On-site Assessment 现场测量

Health 健康 --- K factor



On-site Assessment 现场测量

Behavior 行为



Behavior underneath the water is not visible
鱼水下的行为不可见



Behavior during feeding
在喂料时的行为



Behavior during harvest
在捕捞时的行为

On-site Assessment 现场测量

Nutrition 营养



Interview, communication
访问交流



Behavior during feeding
在喂料时的行为



Feed information
饲料信息



On-site Assessment 现场测量

Nutrition 营养

| December | Hainan | | | | | | Guangdong | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| FCR | 0.8-0.9/1 | 0.8/1 | 0.7/1 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.8/1 |
| CP | 31-36/1 | 30/1 | 30/1 | - | - | - | - | - | 30/1 |
| Formulated feed amount | 1-1.5%/2; 16%/3 | 0.8%/3 | 2%/3 | 3.75%/2 | - | - | 3.8%/2 | 2%/2 | - |
| Feed distribution | <50%/3 | <50%/3 | <50%/3 | <50%/3 | <50%/3 | - | <50%/3 | <50%/3 | <50%/3 |
| Feeding frequency | 2-3/1 | 2-3/1 | 2/1 | 2/1 | 2/1 | - | 1/2 | 1/2 | 2/1 |
| Foraging time for feed | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |



On-site Assessment 现场测量

Nutrition 营养

| March | Hainan | | | | | | Guangdong (June) | | | | |
|------------------------|------------|------------|----------|--------|--------|---|------------------|--------|--------|------------|------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | |
| FCR | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CP | 30/1 | 30/1 | 30/1 | 30/1 | 30/1 | - | 30/1 | 30/1 | 30/1 | 30/1 | 30/1 |
| Formulated feed amount | 1.7-4.4%/3 | 2.3-2.8%/3 | 1.5-2%/2 | 0.8%/1 | 1.0%/2 | - | 1.7%/2 | - | - | 0/3,2.5%/1 | |
| Feed distribution | <50%/3 | <50%/3 | <50%/3 | <50%/3 | <50%/3 | - | <50%/3 | <50%/3 | <50%/3 | <50%/3 | |
| Feeding frequency | 2/1 | 2/1 | 2/1 | 2/1 | 2/1 | - | 2/1 | - | - | 1/2 | |
| Foraging time for feed | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |



Contents 内容

a About IQC 有关IQC

b Tilapia farms in Guangdong and Hainan 广东和海南的罗非鱼场

c On-site communication & assessment 现场交流和评估

d Selected results 部分结果

e Summary & Focus for the future 小结以及未来的侧重点

Summary 小结

● Environment 环境

- > Predator control 捕食者控制
- > Stocking density 饲养密度
- > Water quality control management 水质监测管理

● Health 健康

- > Predator control 捕食者控制

● Behavior 行为

● Nutrition 营养

- > Feed distribution
- > Formulated feed amount



● Welfare perception

动物福利意识

Future perspective 未来侧重点

- **Standardized farming system**
养殖体系标准化
- **Community technical support**
 - water quality, disease control社区化**技术支持** – 水质检测、疾病控制
- **Farming/harvest facility upgrades**
 - feeding system, fish handling system养殖/**收获** 设备升级 – 饲喂系统、鱼操作系统
- **Increase animal welfare awareness**
提高**动物福利意识**



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